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### Safety Data Sheet acc. to OSHA GHS (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Printing date 08/12/2015 Reviewed on 08/12/2015

#### 1 Identification

· Product identifier

Trade name: 1620 Nozzle Shield Anti-Spatter

· Article number: 0162000D/E
· Other means of identification

· SDS Number: 0070

· Recommended use and restriction on use

Recommended use: Welding

· Restrictions on use: No further relevant information available.

- · Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information
- Manufacturer/Supplier: Harris Products Group 4501 Quality Place Mason, Ohio 45040 US 513-754-2000
- · Safety Data Sheet Questions: salesinfo@jwharris.com
- · Arc Welding Safety Information: www.lincolnelectric.com/safety
- 24-Hour Emergency Response Telephone Numbers:

1-866-519-4752 (USA, Canada, Mexico only)

(+) 1-760-476-3962

· 3E Company Access Code: 333895

#### 2 Hazard(s) identification

Classified according to the criteria of the Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals (GHS), OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200) and the Canadian Controlled Products Regulations.

· Classification of the substance or mixture



GHS04 Gas cylinder

Press. Gas H280 Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.



GHS08 Health hazard

Carc. 2 H351 Suspected of causing cancer.

Additional information:

There are no other hazards not otherwise classified that have been identified.

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0 percent of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown toxicity.

- · Label elements
- · GHS label elements

The product is classified and labeled according to the Globally Harmonized System (GHS).

· Hazard pictograms





GHS04 GHS08

- · Signal word Warning
- · Hazard-determining components of labeling:

dichloromethane

· Hazard statements

H280 Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.

H351 Suspected of causing cancer.

Precautionary statements

P201 Obtain special instructions before use.

P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection. P308+P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. P410+P403 Protect from sunlight. Store in a well-ventilated place.

P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international

regulations.

### 3 Composition/information on ingredients

- · Chemical characterization: Mixtures
- · **Description**: Mixture of the substances listed below with nonhazardous additions.

· Dangerous components:		
75-09-2	dichloromethane	>90%
124-38-9	carbon dioxide	<10%

#### Additional information:

For the listed ingredient(s), the identity and exact percentage(s) are being withheld as a trade secret.

· Composition comments:

The term "Hazardous Ingredients" should be interpreted as a term defined in Hazard Communication standards and does not necessarily imply the existence of a hazard. The product may contain additional nonhazardous ingredients or may form additional compounds under the condition of use. Refer to Sections 2 and 8 for more information.

### 4 First-aid measures

- · Description of first aid measures
- **General information:** Take affected persons out into the fresh air.

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#### After inhalation:

Supply fresh air.

Provide oxygen treatment if affected person has difficulty breathing.

Seek medical treatment in case of complaints.

#### · After skin contact:

Immediately wash with water and soap and rinse thoroughly.

If skin irritation continues, consult a doctor.

#### · After eve contact:

Remove contact lenses if worn.

Rinse opened eye for several minutes under running water. If symptoms persist, consult a doctor.

#### After swallowing:

Unlikely route of exposure.

Rinse out mouth and then drink plenty of water.

Do not induce vomiting; immediately call for medical help.

#### Information for doctor:

### · Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Slight irritant effect on skin and mucous membranes.

Slight irritant effect on eyes.

Coughing

Nausea

#### Danger

Carcinogenic.

Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness.

Danger of pulmonary edema.

Danger of disturbed cardiac rhythm.

#### · Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

If necessary oxygen respiration treatment.

Monitor circulation.

Do not administer preparations of the adrenalin-ephedrine-group.

### 5 Fire-fighting measures

- Extinguishing media
- · Suitable extinguishing agents:

Water fog / haze

Foam

Fire-extinguishing powder

Carbon dioxide

- · For safety reasons unsuitable extinguishing agents: Water stream.
- Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

During heating or in case of fire poisonous gases are produced.

- · Advice for firefighters
- · Special fire fighting procedures:

Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.

Protective equipment:

Wear self-contained respiratory protective device.

Wear fully protective suit.

· Additional information

No further relevant information available.

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Cool endangered receptacles with water fog.

In case of fire involving large quantities, evacuate area and fight fire from the upwind side.

If aerosols are bursting, stay clear until safe. Aerosol containers can be projectiles when bursting.

#### 6 Accidental release measures

· Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Use respiratory protective device against the effects of fumes/dust/aerosol.

Ensure adequate ventilation.

Use personal protective equipment as required.

- Environmental precautions: Do not allow to enter sewers/ surface or ground water.
- Methods and material for containment and cleaning up:

Absorb with liquid-binding material (sand, diatomite, acid binders, universal binders, sawdust).

Pick up mechanically.

Send for recovery or disposal in suitable receptacles.

Dispose of the collected material according to regulations.

Reference to other sections

See Section 7 for information on safe handling.

See Section 8 for information on personal protection equipment.

See Section 13 for disposal information.

### 7 Handling and storage

- · Handling:
- Precautions for safe handling

Use only in well ventilated areas.

Avoid contact with the eyes and skin.

Information about protection against explosions and fires:

Pressurised container: May burst if heated.

Do not spray on a naked flame or any incandescent material.

- · Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities
- · Storage:
- · Requirements to be met by storerooms and receptacles:

Observe official regulations on storing packagings with pressurized containers.

Avoid storage near extreme heat, ignition sources or open flame.

- Information about storage in one common storage facility: Store away from foodstuffs.
- · Further information about storage conditions:

Store in a cool place. Heat will increase pressure and may lead to the receptacle bursting.

· Specific end use(s) No further relevant information available.

#### 8 Exposure controls/personal protection

- · Additional information about design of technical systems: No further data; see item 7.
- · Control parameters
- · Exposure Guidelines:

Threshold Limit Values (TLVs) and Biological Exposure Indices (BEIs) are values published by the American Conference of Government Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH). ACGIH Statement of Positions

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Regarding the TLVs® and BEIs® states that the TLV-TWA should be used as a guide in the control of health hazards and should not be used to indicate a fine line between safe and dangerous exposures. See Sections 2, 3, 8, 10, and 11 for information on potential fume constituents of health interest. Threshold Limit Values are figures published by the American Conference of Government Industrial Hygienists.

· Components	with limit values that require monitoring at the workplace:
75-09-2 dichlo	promethane
PEL (USA)	Short-term value: 125 ppm Long-term value: 25 ppm see 29 CFR 1910.1052
REL (USA)	See Pocket Guide App. A
TLV (USA)	Long-term value: 174 mg/m³, 50 ppm BEI
EL (Canada)	Long-term value: 25 ppm IARC 2B
EV (Canada)	Long-term value: 175 mg/m³, 50 ppm
LMPE (Mexico	) Long-term value: 50 ppm A3, IBE
124-38-9 carb	on dioxide
PEL (USA)	Long-term value: 9000 mg/m³, 5000 ppm
REL (USA)	Short-term value: 54.000 mg/m³, 30.000 ppm Long-term value: 9000 mg/m³, 5000 ppm
TLV (USA)	Short-term value: 54.000 mg/m³, 30.000 ppm Long-term value: 9000 mg/m³, 5000 ppm
EL (Canada)	Short-term value: 15000 ppm Long-term value: 5000 ppm
EV (Canada)	Short-term value: 54.000 mg/m³, 30.000 ppm Long-term value: 9.000 mg/m³, 5.000 ppm
LMPE (Mexico	Short-term value: 30000 ppm Long-term value: 5000 ppm
· Ingredients w	ith biological limit values:
75-09-2 dichlo	promethane
Tin	mg/L dium: urine ne: end of shift rameter: Dichloromethane (semi-quantitative)

- Additional information: No further relevant information available.
- · Exposure controls
- · Personal protective equipment:
- · General protective and hygienic measures:

The usual precautionary measures for handling chemicals should be followed.

Keep away from foodstuffs, beverages and feed.

Wash hands before breaks and at the end of work.

Do not inhale gases / fumes / aerosols.

Avoid contact with the eyes and skin.

Use only in well ventilated areas.

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- Engineering controls: No further relevant information available.
- · Breathing equipment:

Wear appropriate NIOSH respirator when ventilation is inadequate and occupational exposure limits are exceeded.

· Protection of hands:



Protective gloves

The glove material has to be impermeable and resistant to the product/ the substance/ the preparation.

Material of gloves

PVA gloves

Butyl rubber, BR

Fluorocarbon rubber (Viton)

The selection of the suitable gloves does not only depend on the material, but also on further marks of quality and varies from manufacturer to manufacturer.

Not suitable are gloves made of the following materials:

Nitrile rubber, NBR

Neoprene gloves

PVC gloves

Natural rubber, NR

Eye protection:



Safety glasses

- · Body protection: Protective work clothing
- · Limitation and supervision of exposure into the environment

No further relevant information available.

#### 9 Physical and chemical properties

- · Information on basic physical and chemical properties
- · General Information
- · Appearance:

Form: Aerosol
Color: Clear
White

· Odor: Like chlorine · Odor threshold: Not determined.

· pH-value: Not determined.

· Change in condition

Melting point/Melting range: Not applicable, as aerosol.

**Boiling point/Boiling range:** 40 °C (104 °F)

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· Flash point:	Not applicable, as aerosol.	
· Flammability (solid, gaseous):	Not applicable.	
· Auto-ignition temperature:	Not determined.	
· Decomposition temperature:	Not determined.	
· Auto igniting:	Product is not self-igniting.	
· Danger of explosion:	Not determined.	
· Explosion limits:		
Lower:	Not determined.	
Upper:	Not determined.	
· Oxidizing properties	Non-oxidizing.	
· Vapor pressure:	Not determined.	
· Density at 20 °C (68 °F):	1.32 g/cm³ (11.015 lbs/gal)	
Relative density	Not determined.	
· Vapour density	Not determined.	
· Evaporation rate	Not applicable.	
· Solubility in / Miscibility with		
Water:	Not miscible or difficult to mix.	
· Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water):	: Not determined.	
· Viscosity:		
Dynamic:	Not determined.	
Kinematic:	Not determined.	
· Other information	No further relevant information available.	

### 10 Stability and reactivity

- · Reactivity No further relevant information available.
- · Chemical stability
- Thermal decomposition / conditions to be avoided:

No decomposition if used and stored according to specifications.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

Reacts with strong oxidizing agents.

Reacts with strong acids and alkali.

Reacts with alkaline metals.

Reacts with earth alkaline metals.

- · Conditions to avoid Excessive heat.
- · Incompatible materials: No further relevant information available.
- Hazardous decomposition products:

Hydrogen chloride (HCI)

Carbon monoxide

Phosgene

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Chlorine (Contd. of page 7)

### 11 Toxicological information

- · Information on likely routes of exposure
- · Ingestion: Unlikely route of exposure.
- Inhalation: Yes
  Skin Contact: Yes
  Eye Contact: Yes
- Information on toxicological effects
- · Acute toxicity:

· LD/LC50 v	· LD/LC50 values that are relevant for classification:		
75-09-2 di	75-09-2 dichloromethane		
Oral	LD50	> 2000 mg/kg (rat)	
Inhalative	LC50/4h	88 mg/l (rat)	

- · Primary irritant effect:
- on the skin: Slight irritant effect on skin and mucous membranes.
- · on the eye: Slight irritant effect on eyes.
- · Sensitization: No sensitizing effects known.
- · Additional toxicological information:
- · Carcinogenic categories

· IARC (In	ternational Agency for Research on Cancer)	
75-09-2	dichloromethane	2B

· NTP (National Toxicology Program)

75-09-2 dichloromethane

R

- · OSHA-Ca (Occupational Safety & Health Administration)
- 75-09-2 dichloromethane
- · Acute effects (acute toxicity, irritation and corrosivity): May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
- · Repeated Dose Toxicity: Possible risk of irreversible effects.
- · CMR effects (carcinogenity, mutagenicity and toxicity for reproduction):

Carc. 2

- · Germ cell mutagenicity Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- · Carcinogenicity Suspected of causing cancer.
- Reproductive toxicity Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- · STOT-single exposure Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- · STOT-repeated exposure Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- · Aspiration hazard Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### 12 Ecological information

- · Persistence and degradability No further relevant information available.
- Behavior in environmental systems:
- · Bioaccumulative potential No further relevant information available.

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- · **Mobility in soil** No further relevant information available.
- Additional ecological information:
- · General notes:

Do not allow undiluted product or large quantities of it to reach ground water, water course or sewage system.

- · Results of PBT and vPvB assessment
- · PBT: Not applicable.
- · vPvB: Not applicable.
- Other adverse effects No further relevant information available.

#### 13 Disposal considerations

- · Waste treatment methods
- · Recommendation:

Contact waste processors for recycling information.

The user of this material has the responsibility to dispose of unused material, residues and containers in compliance with all relevant local, state and federal laws and regulations regarding treatment, storage and disposal for hazardous and nonhazardous wastes. Residual materials should be treated as hazardous.

- · Uncleaned packagings:
- · Recommendation: Disposal must be made according to official regulations.

14 Transport information	
· UN-Number	
DOT, ADR, IMDG, IATA	UN1950
· UN proper shipping name	
DOT	Aerosols
· ADR	1950 AEROSOLS
· IMDG	AEROSOLS
· IATA	Aerosols, non-flammable, containing substances in Division
	6.1, Packing Group III
· Transport hazard class(es)	
· DOT	
· Class	2.2
· Label	2.2, 6.1

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· ADR	
· Class · Label	2 5T Gases 2.2+ 6.1
·IMDG	
· Class · Label	2.2 2.2/6.1
· IATA	
· Class · Label	2.2 2.2 (6.1)
· Packing group	Aerosols are not assigned a packing group.
· Environmental hazards:	Not applicable.
· Special precautions for user · EMS Number:	Warning: Gases F-D,S-U
Transport in bulk according to Annex II MARPOL73/78 and the IBC Code	l of Not applicable.
· Transport/Additional information:	
· ADR · Excepted quantities (EQ)	Code: E0 Not permitted as Excepted Quantity
· IMDG · Excepted quantities (EQ)	Code: E0 Not permitted as Excepted Quantity
· UN "Model Regulation":	UN1950, Aerosols, 2.2 (6.1)

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15 Regulatory information	
· Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or r	nixture
· US Federal Regulations	
None of the ingredients is listed.	
· SARA	
· Section 302 (extremely hazardous substances)	
None of the ingredients is listed.	
· Section 304 (emergency release notification)	
None of the ingredients is listed.	
· Sections 311/312 (hazardous chemical threshold planning quantity in pounds)	
None of the ingredients is listed.	
· Section 313 (TRI reporting)	
None of the ingredients is listed.	
· Section 355 (extremely hazardous substances):	
None of the ingredients is listed.	
· CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4):	
None of the ingredients is listed.	
· TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act):	
All ingredients are listed.	
<ul> <li>Clean Water Act Section 311 Hazardous Substances (40 CFR 117.3)</li> <li>None present or none present in regulated quantities.</li> <li>Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130):</li> <li>None present or none present in regulated quantities.</li> <li>Proposition 65 (California)</li> </ul>	
Chemicals known to cause cancer:	
75-09-2 dichloromethane	
Chemicals known to cause reproductive toxicity for females:	
None of the ingredients are listed.	
· Chemicals known to cause reproductive toxicity for males:	
None of the ingredients is listed.	
· Chemicals known to cause developmental toxicity:	
None of the ingredients is listed.	
· Carcinogenic categories	
· EPA (Environmental Protection Agency)	
75-09-2 dichloromethane	L
· TLV (Threshold Limit Value established by ACGIH)	
75-09-2 dichloromethane	A3
NIOSH-Ca (National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health)	
75-09-2 dichloromethane	
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State Right to Know Listings

· US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act

soy lecithin

carbon dioxide

dichloromethane

US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List

soy lecithin

carbon dioxide

dichloromethane

· US. Pennsylvania RTK - Hazardous Substances

soy lecithin

carbon dioxide

dichloromethane

· US. Rhode Island RTK

soy lecithin

carbon dioxide

Lecithins

- · Canada
- · Canadian Controlled Products Regulations:

A - Compressed gas

D2B - Toxic material causing other toxic effects

- · Canadian substance listings:
- · Canadian Domestic Substances List (DSL)

All ingredients are listed.

· Canada Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)

None of the ingredients is listed.

· Canadian Ingredient Disclosure list (limit 0.1%)

75-09-2 dichloromethane

· Canadian Ingredient Disclosure list (limit 1%)

124-38-9 carbon dioxide

· Chemical safety assessment: A Chemical Safety Assessment has not been carried out.

### 16 Other information

- · Date of preparation / last revision 08/12/2015 / -
- · Abbreviations and acronyms:

ADR: Accord européen sur le transport des marchandises dangereuses par Route (European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road)

IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods

DOT: US Department of Transportation IATA: International Air Transport Association

ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

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EINECS: European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances

ELINCS: European List of Notified Chemical Substances

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical Society)

LC50: Lethal concentration, 50 percent

LD50: Lethal dose, 50 percent

PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic vPvB: very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative Press. Gas: Gases under pressure: Compressed gas Carc. 2: Carcinogenicity, Hazard Category 2

\* Data compared to the previous version altered.

#### · Disclaimer:

We urge each end user and recipient of this SDS to study it carefully. If necessary consult an industrial hygienist or other expert to understand this information and safeguard the environment and protect workers from potential hazards associated with the handling or use of this product.

Harris Products Group cannot anticipate all conditions under which this information and its product, or the products of other manufacturers in combination with its product, may be used. It is the user's responsibility to ensure safe conditions for use, handling, storage and disposal of the product, and to assume liability for loss, injury, damage or expense due to improper use. The information in the sheet was written based on the best knowledge and experience currently available.